













Jukka Tiensuu: Collateral (2018)

for String trio

Instrumentation:

violin viola cello

Performance note:

Notation:

sp sul ponticello

psp/spm poco/molto sul ponticello

clb col legno battuto

excessive bow pressure (with extremely slow bow movement).

• glissando, no bow change at the end note of a gliss., unless specifically indicated.

• glissando without an end note: the ending pitch (usually at the end of a dim.) is approximate.

The *glissandi* are played continuously during the indicated time (*not* portamento). Note-stems without heads in the middle of a glissando are for orientation only, they are not to be articulated. Small note-heads at the end of a *glissando* indicate an (approximate) arrival pitch, which also is not articulated.

• traditional *staccato*, relative to the musical context.

' staccatissimo, always very short, regardless of the length of the written note.

tenuto, play the note to the full written length (only, no accent is intended).

tremolo, as fast as possible (non-measured).

‡ d A quarter-tone sharp and flat, respectively.

All accidentals apply to the remainder of the measure, but are sometimes repeated to facilitate reading.

> o < al / dal quasi niente (ideally, the sound should still be heard by the player, but not by the audience)

Accents on harmonics should be produced by faster bow, not by adding bow pressure.

Collateral should be performed as if everyone were just performing his or her own solo work and these pieces just happened to fit together to magically engender the trio piece. It is recommended, that the players would have some distance between them, to emphasize this concept. If really wide distances are used (e.g. players around the audience) the players should use a click-track or a digital metronome for mutual synchronization.